## Claims

- A compound which is highly selective for CRFR1 without having any significant cross-reactivity for corticotropin-releasing-factor-receptor-2 (CRFR2) and/or corticotropin-releasing-factor-binding protein (CRFBP), said compound comprising or alternatively consisting of the amino acid sequence Glx¹ -Gly² -Pro³ -Pro⁴ -Xaa⁵ -Ser⁶ -Xaa⁻ -Aspጾ -Leu⁰ -Xaa¹0 -Leu¹¹ -Glu¹² -Leu¹³ -Leu¹⁴ -Arg¹⁵ -Glu¹⁶ -Val¹⁻ -Leu¹ଃ -Glu¹⁰ -Xaa²⁰ -Xaa²¹ -Arg²² -Ala²³ -Xaa²⁴ -Gln²⁵ -Leu²⁶ -Ala²¬ -Gln²ଃ -Gln²⁰ -Ala³⁰ -Ala³¹ -Asn³² -Asn³³ -Arg³⁴ -Leu³⁵ -Leu³⁶ -Leu³¬ -Asp³ଃ -Thr³⁰ -Ala⁴⁰ (SEQ ID No: 1).
  - 2. The compound of claim 1 wherein:

20

- 15 (a) Xaa<sup>5</sup> is IIe, Leu or any amino acid residue having similar physicochemical characteristics as IIe; and/or
  - (b) Xaa<sup>7</sup> is IIe, Leu or an amino acid residue having similar physicochemical characteristics as IIe; and/or
  - (c) Xaa<sup>10</sup> is Ser, Thr or an amino acid residue having similar physicochemical characteristics as Serin; and/or
  - (d) Xaa<sup>20</sup> is Met, Norleucine or any amino acid residue having similar physicochemical characteristics as Met; and/or
  - (e) Xaa<sup>21</sup> is Glu, Asp or an amino acid residue having similar physicochemical characteristics as Glu; and/or
- 25 (f) Xaa<sup>24</sup> is Glu, Asp or an amino acid residue having similar physicochemical characteristics as Glu.
- The compound of claim 1 or 2 which is Glx<sup>1</sup> -Gly<sup>2</sup> -Pro<sup>3</sup> -Pro<sup>4</sup> -Ile<sup>5</sup> -Ser<sup>6</sup> -Ile<sup>7</sup>
  -Asp<sup>8</sup> -Leu<sup>9</sup> -Ser<sup>10</sup> -Leu<sup>11</sup> -Glu<sup>12</sup> -Leu<sup>13</sup> -Leu<sup>14</sup> -Arg<sup>15</sup> -Glu<sup>16</sup> -Val<sup>17</sup> -Leu<sup>18</sup>
  -Glu<sup>19</sup> -Met<sup>20</sup> -Glu<sup>21</sup> -Arg<sup>22</sup> -Ala<sup>23</sup> -Glu<sup>24</sup> -Gln<sup>25</sup> -Leu<sup>26</sup> -Ala<sup>27</sup> -Gln<sup>28</sup> -Gln<sup>29</sup>

-Ala<sup>30</sup> -Ala<sup>31</sup> -Asn<sup>32</sup> -Asn<sup>33</sup> -Arg<sup>34</sup> -Leu<sup>35</sup> -Leu<sup>36</sup> -Leu<sup>37</sup> -Asp<sup>38</sup> -Thr<sup>39</sup> -Ala<sup>40</sup> (SEQ ID No: 2).

4. A nucleic acid molecule encoding the compound of any one of claims 1 to 3.

5

- 5. A vector comprising the nucleic acid molecule of claim 4.
- 6. The compound of any one of claims 1 to 3 which is labelled.
- 10 7. The compound of any one of claims 1 to 3 which is modified by:
  - (a) formation of pharmaceutically acceptable salts;
  - (b) formation of pharmaceutically acceptable complexes; and/or
  - (c) synthesis of pharmacologically active polymers.
- 15 8. A pharmaceutical composition comprising the compound of any one of claims 1, 2, 3, 6 or 7 and/or the nucleic acid of claim 4 and/or the vector of claim 5 and optionally a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier and/or diluent.
- 9. A diagnostic composition comprising the compound of any one of claims 1, 2,203, 6 or 7.
  - 10. A kit comprising the compound of any one of claims 1, 2, 3, 6 or 7 and/or the nucleic acid of claim 4 and/or the vector of claim 5 and optionally instructions to use.

25

- 11. Use of the compound of any one of claims 1, 2, 3, 6 or 7 and/or the nucleic acid of claim 4 and/or the vector of claim 5 for the preparation of a pharmaceutical composition for the treatment of depression.
- 30 12. The use of claim 11, wherein said depression is exogenic (like pharmacogenic), endogenic (like vital), psychogenic, agitated, anaclitic, arteriosclerotic, reactive and/or senile depression.

- 13. Use of the compound of any one of claims 1, 2, 3, 6 or 7 for the preparation of a diagnostic composition for the determination of pituitary corticotroph responsiveness.
- 5 14. The use of claim 13 for differentiating pituitary and ectopic production of ACTH in patients with ACTH-dependent Cushing's syndrome.